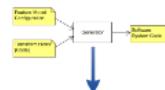




> Another way is to keep only references to transformations in the feature model (this is what we did)

> The actual code of the transformations is in the corresponding files



> Parse the feature model configuration from the XML file

> Parse and execute the metatransformations contained within the transformations from the XML file

> Check the requirements of the parsed transformations

> Execute the transformations

> In the end, transformations are objects that share a common interface

```
public interface Transformation {
    CheckForRequirements();
    DoYourTransformation();
    GetParameterMap();
    GetNextTransformation();
    ...
}
```

> The generator takes these objects and executes the corresponding methods

> The transformations have to be executed in the right order: can be adjusted using the priority attribute

Challenges

> Inherent non-explainability and non-traceability of a software system expressed by a number of transformations: does this promote the reuse?

> Explore more exclusive definition of the approach in which only some features would be realized as transformations

> How to deal with complex feature models consisting of several separate feature diagrams with references between them

> Foster the practical adoption of the approach by providing directly reusable transformation templates, transformation signatures, and transformation behavior examples



Summary

> Feature model driven generation of software systems

> Besides an enhanced feature model, no other models are necessary

> Transformations are not limited in affecting the software system

> The concept of metatransformations: modify the common transformations prior to their execution

> Challenges: comprehensibility and traceability, non-exclusive application, complex feature models, practical adoption, and changes as transformations

Feature Model Driven Generation of Software Artifacts

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Engineering**



**SLOVAK UNIVERSITY OF
TECHNOLOGY IN BRATISLAVA
FACULTY OF INFORMATICS
AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES**

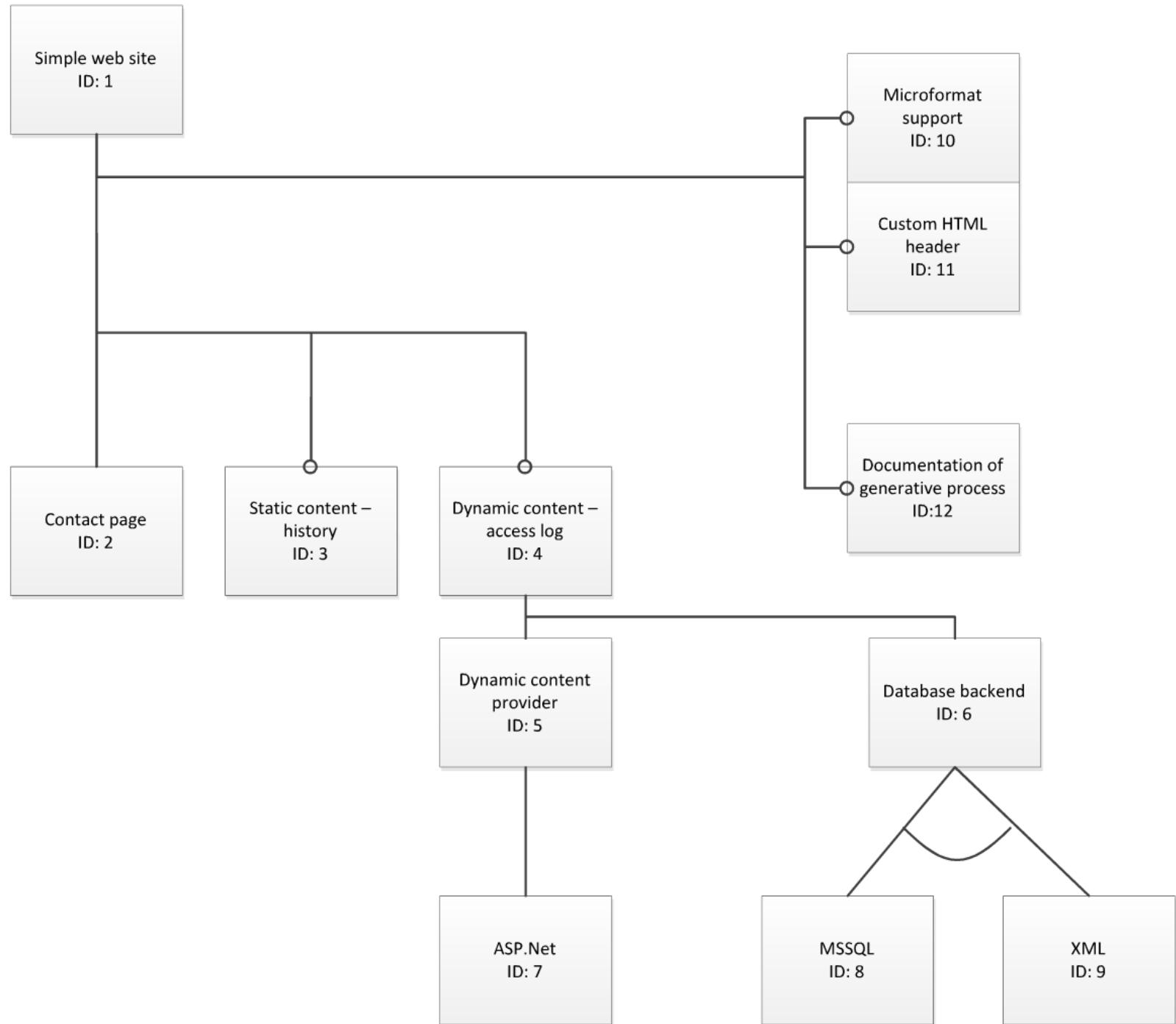
crudecrude@gmail.com

vranic@stuba.sk
fiit.sk/~vranic

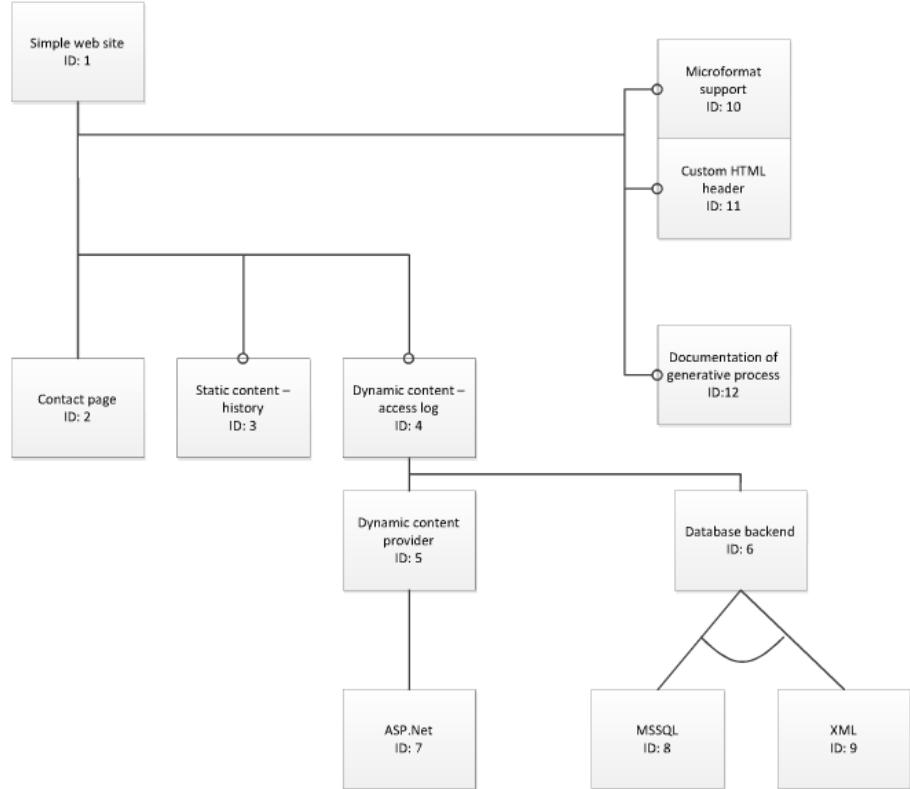
WAPL 2015 @ FedCSIS 2015

Łódź, September 13, 2015

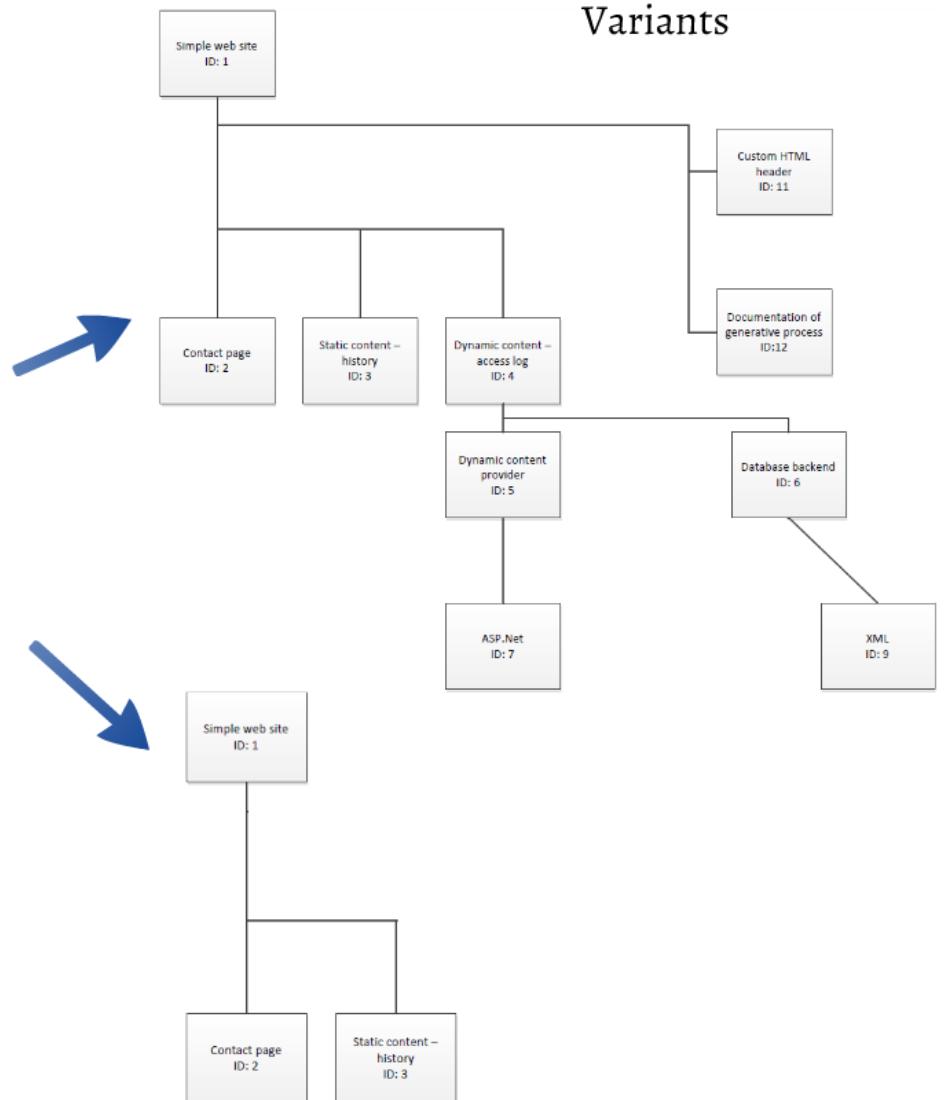
Feature Modeling



Feature Modeling



Variants

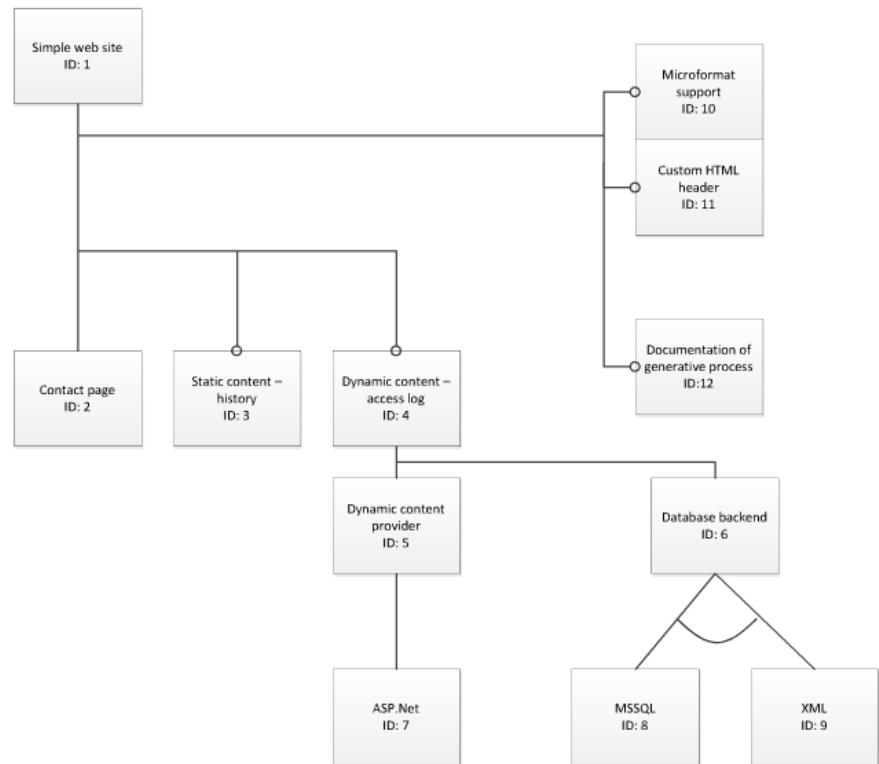


- > A feature model defines variants in a structured way
- > Domain engineering / software product lines
- > Configurability first; appropriate implementation mechanisms selected accordingly
- > Need not necessarily involve *any* academic feature modeling notation

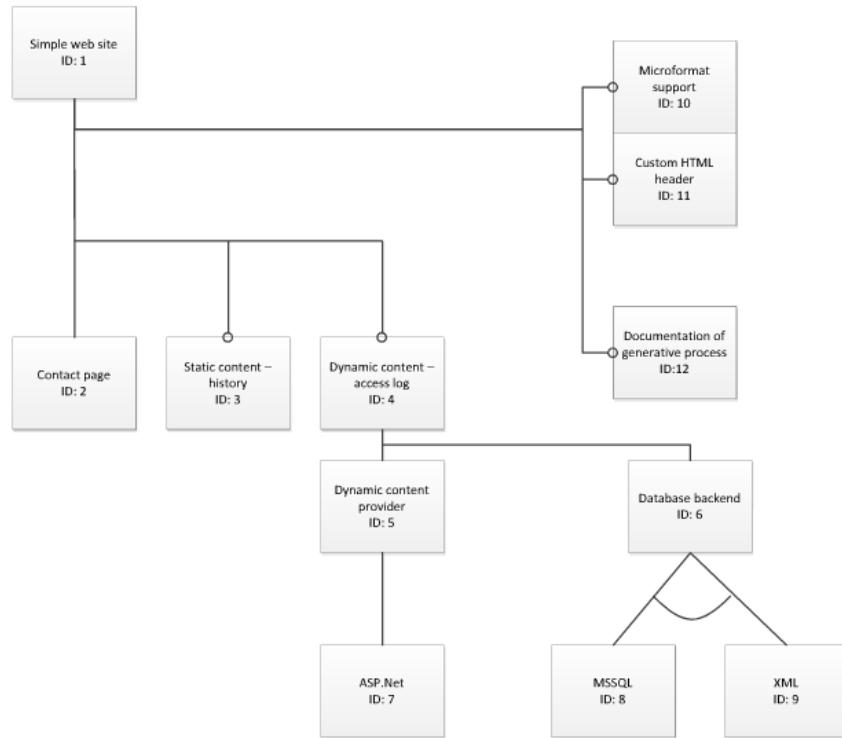
A. Hubaux, A. Classen, M. Mendonca, and P. Heymans: A Preliminary Review on the Application of Feature Diagrams in Practice, VaMoS 2010

- > A simple FODA-like style used here
- > Abstracting from advanced concepts like binding time, additional constraints among features, feature cardinality...

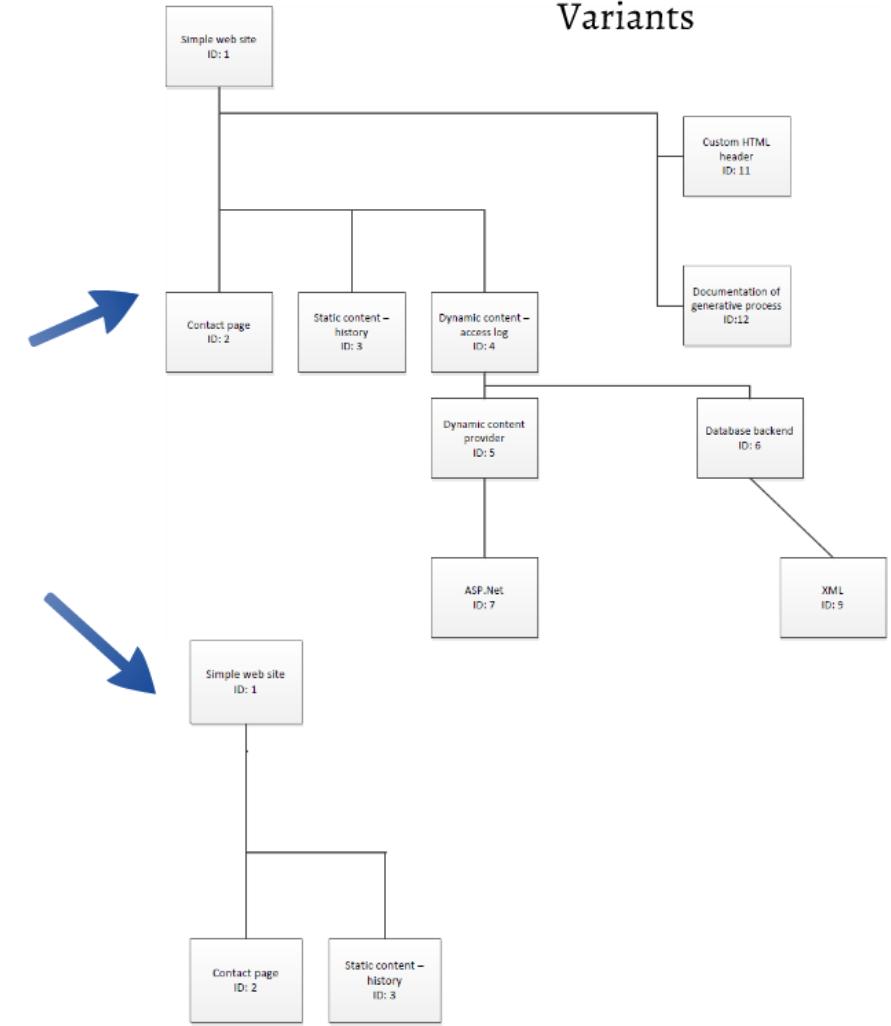
Feature Modeling



Feature Modeling



Variants

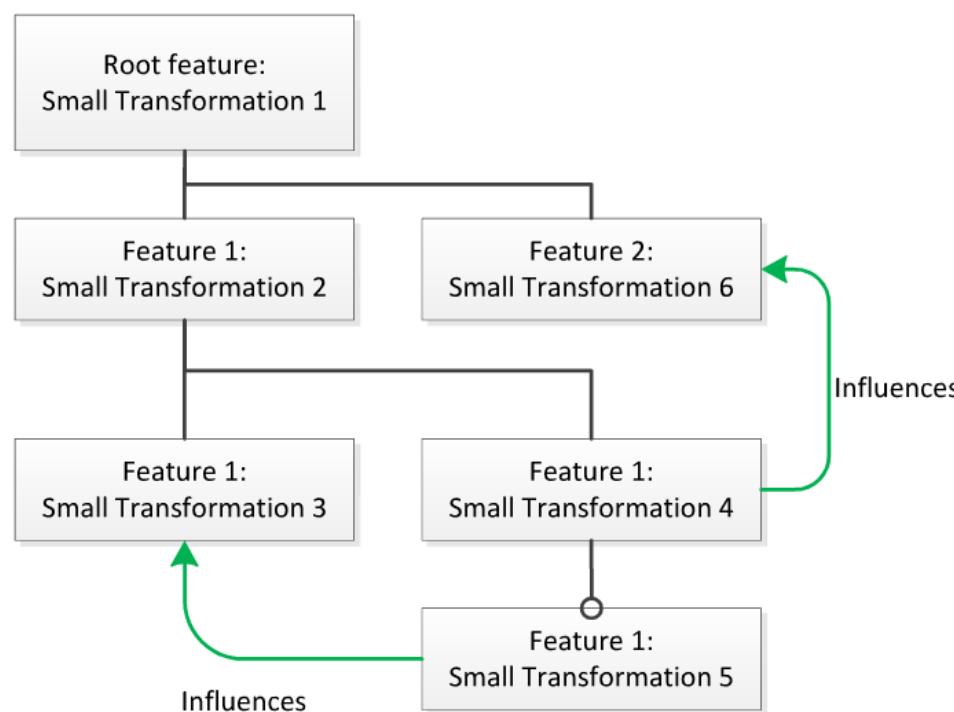
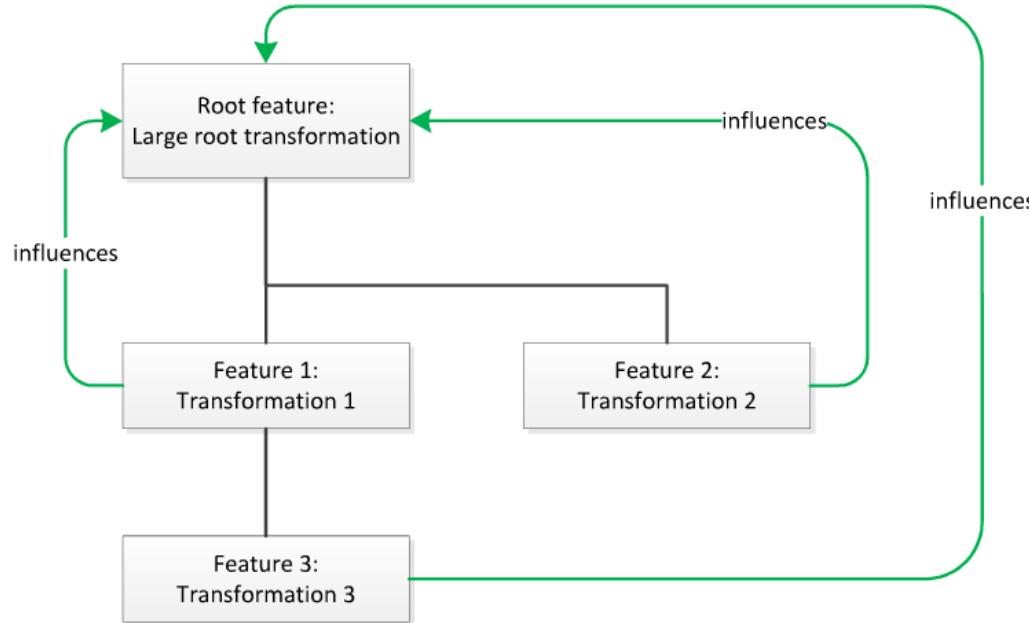


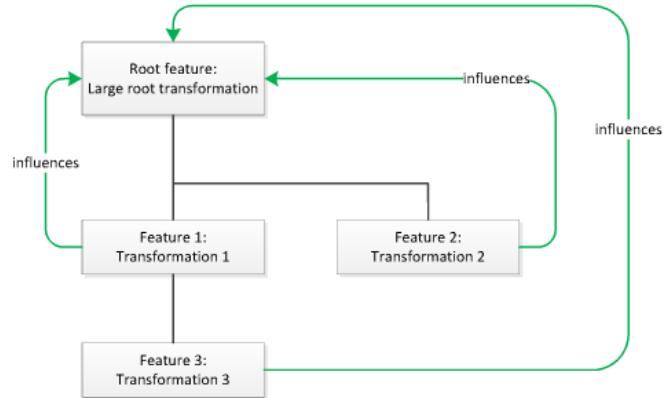
But how exactly to implement features?
What are they in code?

- > Features sometimes can be implemented as well localized components
- > But often the realization of one feature is spread over several components
- > Sometimes this involves crosscutting: a case for aspect-oriented programming

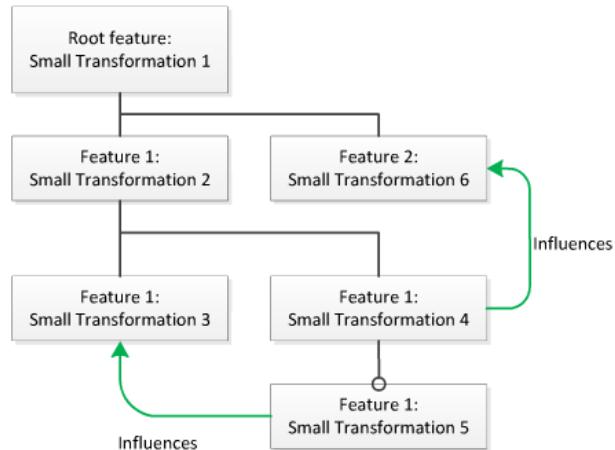
- > Features sometimes can be implemented as well localized components
 - > But often the realization of one feature is spread over several components
 - > Sometimes this involves crosscutting: a case for aspect-oriented programming
-
- > A simple conditional compilation can cope with this, but the code of crosscutting features would be scattered
 - > Generative approaches rely on the set of selected features to generate highly specialized code
 - > Generators can be external, but also metaprogramming based
 - > In either case, features are understood as the structure and behavior to be added, adapted, or removed

- > Our idea: make each feature's realization a transformation
- > Selecting a feature activates the corresponding transformation
- > A transformation can affect all code, including the other transformations
- > Virtually, this is a distributed generator embedded into a feature model
- > The actual generator is then simple and generic
- > This raises a number of issues...





> Metatransformations



> Complexity of transformations

- > Where to keep the transformations?
- > One way is to attach them directly to the feature model
that may conveniently be kept in the XML format

```
<feature>
  <feature>
    <transformation>
      <!-- Transformation information including
          the event chain, metatransformation
          information, requirements, etc. -->
    </transformation>
  </feature>
</feature>
```

> Another way is to keep only references to transformations in the feature model (this is what we did)

> The actual code of the transformations is in the corresponding files

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<featuremodel>
    <feature name="SimpleWeb" ID="1"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CreateFolder"
FolderName="Site" >
        <feature name="StaticContent-History" ID="2"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CreateStaticHTMLPage"
htmlContent="

# History



Ipsum

" htmlTitle="StaticPage- History" PageName="Site\History.html" />
        <feature name="ContactPage" ID="3"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CreateStaticHTMLPage_Cre
ateContact_Composite"
street="Ulica 29. Augusta 4" city="Bratislava" Folder="Site"/>

        <feature name="DynamicContent-AccessLog" ID="4"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.DynamicContent"
htmlTitle="Dynamic page - Access log" PageName="Site\log.html"/>
            <feature name="DynamicContentProvider" ID="5"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.Empty" >
                <feature name="ASP.Net" ID="7"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.ASP" />
            </feature>
            <feature name="DatabaseBackend" ID="6"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.Empty" >
                <feature name="MSSQL" ID="8"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.MSSQL" />
                <feature name="XML" ID="9"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.XML" />
            </feature>
            <feature name="MicroformatSupport" ID="10"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.MicroformatSupport" />
                <feature name="CustomHTMLHeader" ID="11"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CustomHtmlHeaders" />
                <feature name="GeneratorDoc" ID="12"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.MetaDoc" />
            </feature>
        </feature>
    </featuremodel>
```

Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CreateCustomer
ateContact_Composite"
street="Ulica 29. Augusta 4" city="Bratislava" Folder="Site"/>

<feature name="DynamicContent-AccessLog" ID="4"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.DynamicContent
htmlTitle="Dynamic page - Access log" PageName="Site\\log.html"/>

<feature name="DynamicContentProvider" ID="5"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.Empty">

<feature name="ASP.Net" ID="7"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.ASP" />

</feature>

<feature name="DatabaseBackend" ID="6"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.Empty">

<feature name="MSSQL" ID="8"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.MSSQL" />

<feature name="XML" ID="9"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.XML" />

</feature>

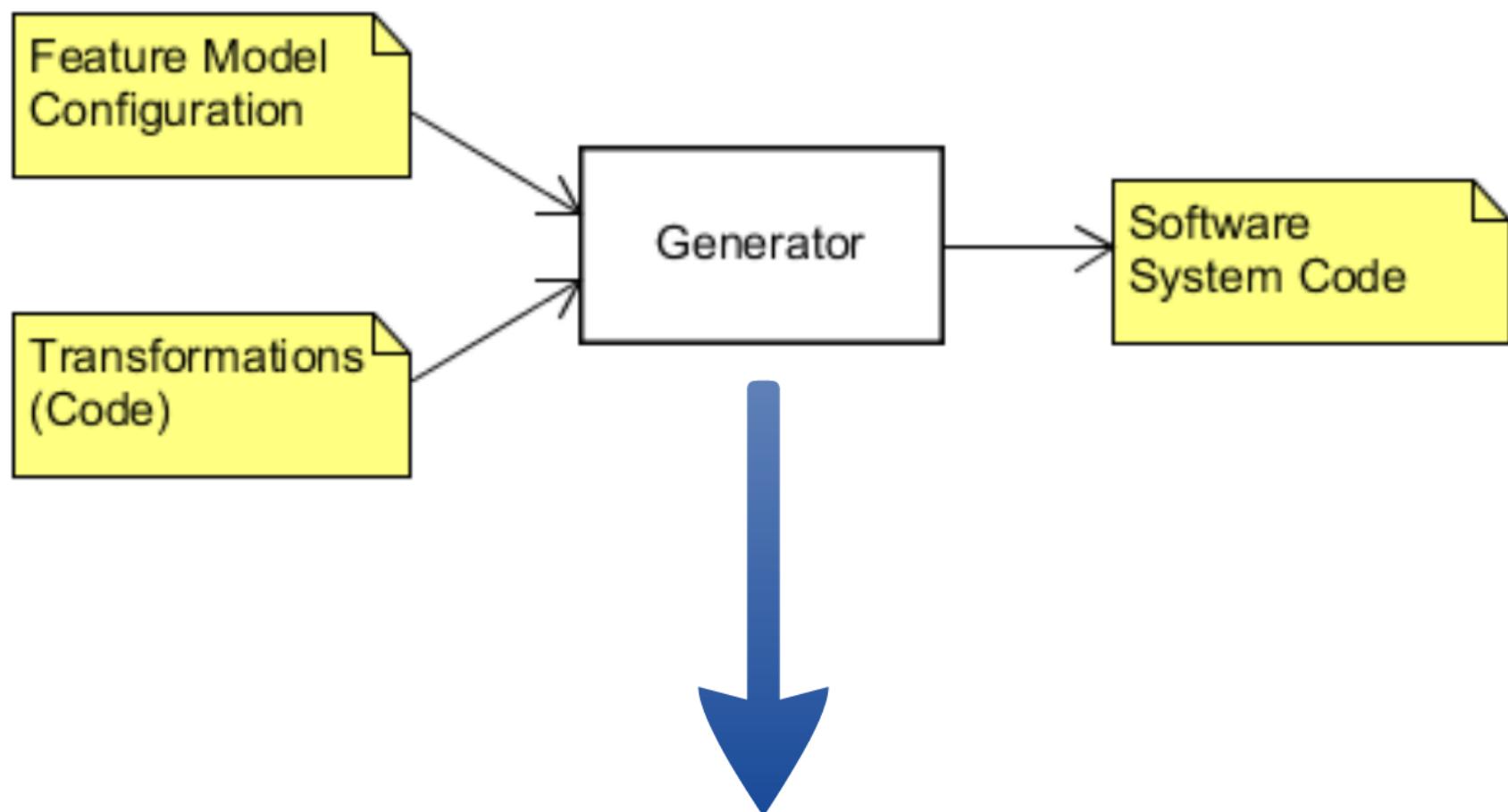
<feature name="MicroformatSupport" ID="10"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.Microformat" />

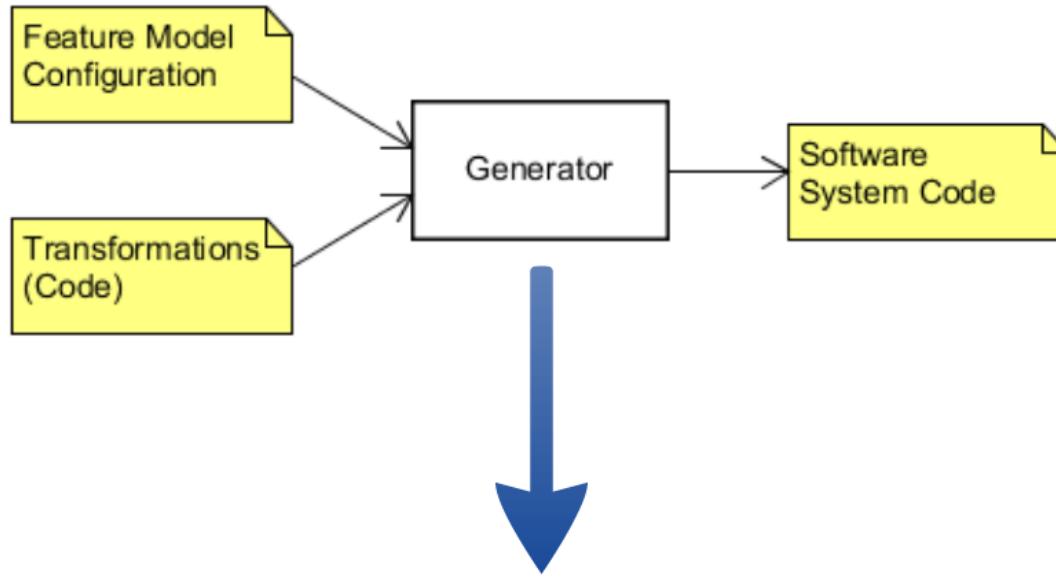
<feature name="CustomHTMLHeader" ID="11"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.CustomHtmlHeader" />

<feature name="GeneratorDoc" ID="12"
Transformation="org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal,org.crd.dp.CaseStudy.SimpleWebFinal.Transformations.MetaDoc" />

</feature>

</featuremodel>





- > Parse the feature model configuration from the XML file
- > Parse and execute the metatransformations contained within the transformations from the XML file
- > Check the requirements of the parsed transformations
- > Execute the transformations

- > In the end, transformations are objects that share a common interface

```
public interface ITransformation {  
    CheckPrerequisites();  
    ExecuteTransformation();  
    GetParameterNames();  
    GetMetaTransformations();  
    ...  
}
```

- > The generator takes these objects and executes the corresponding methods
- > The transformations have to be executed in the right order: can be adjusted using the priority attribute

Challenges

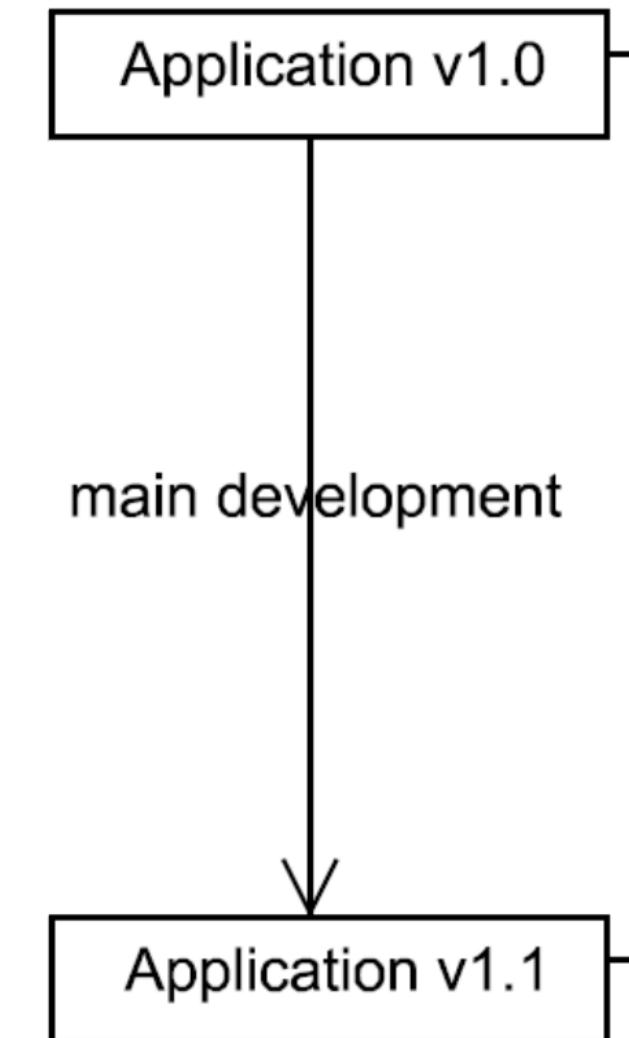
- > Assess the comprehensibility and maintainability of a software system expressed by a number of transformations: does this preserve the intent?
- > Explore a non-exclusive application of the approach in which only some features would be realized as transformations
- > How to deal with complex feature models consisting of several separate feature diagrams with references between them
- > Foster the practical adoption of the approach by providing directly reusable transformations, transformation templates, and transformation schemes or examples

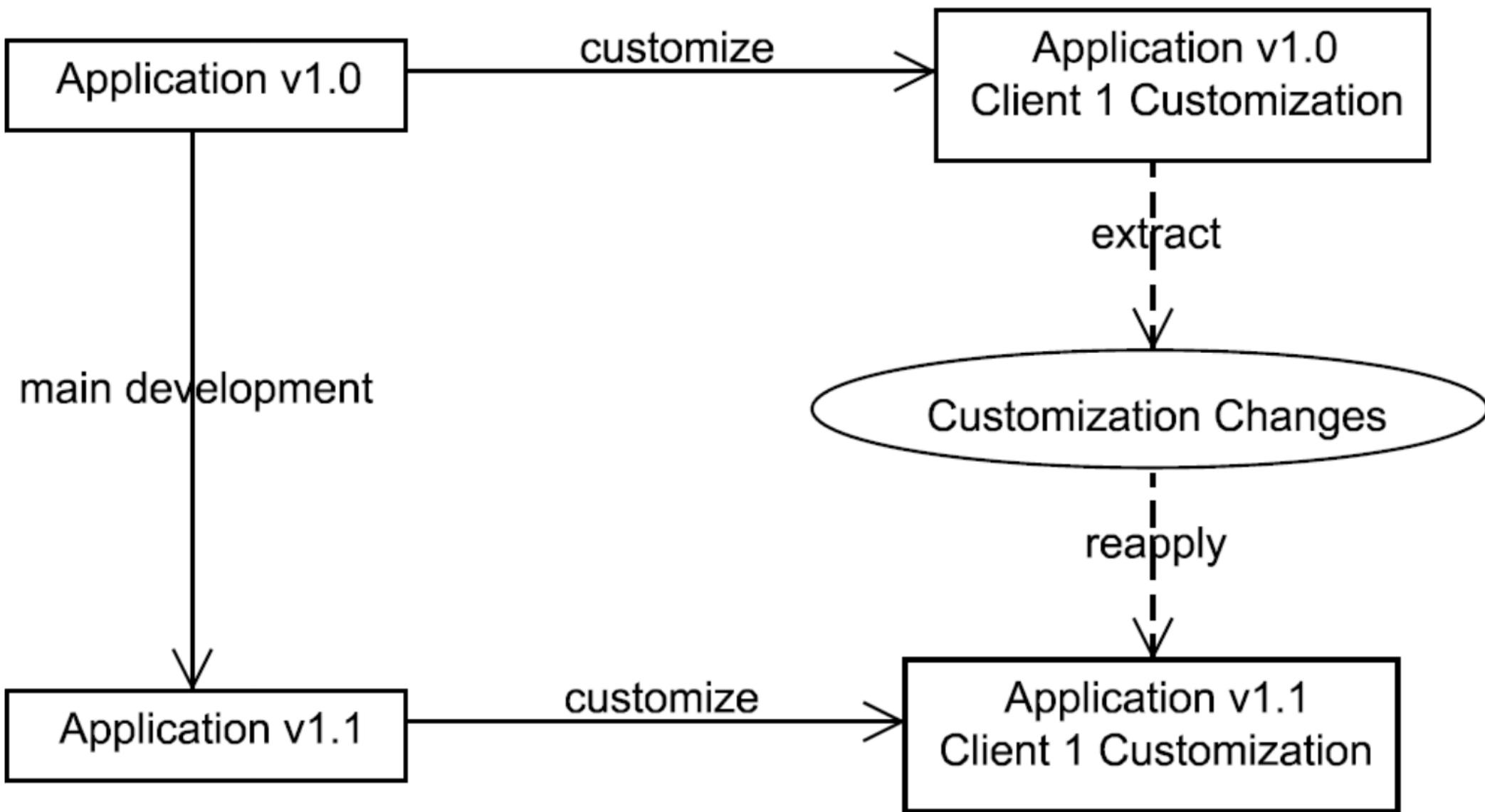
> Digression:

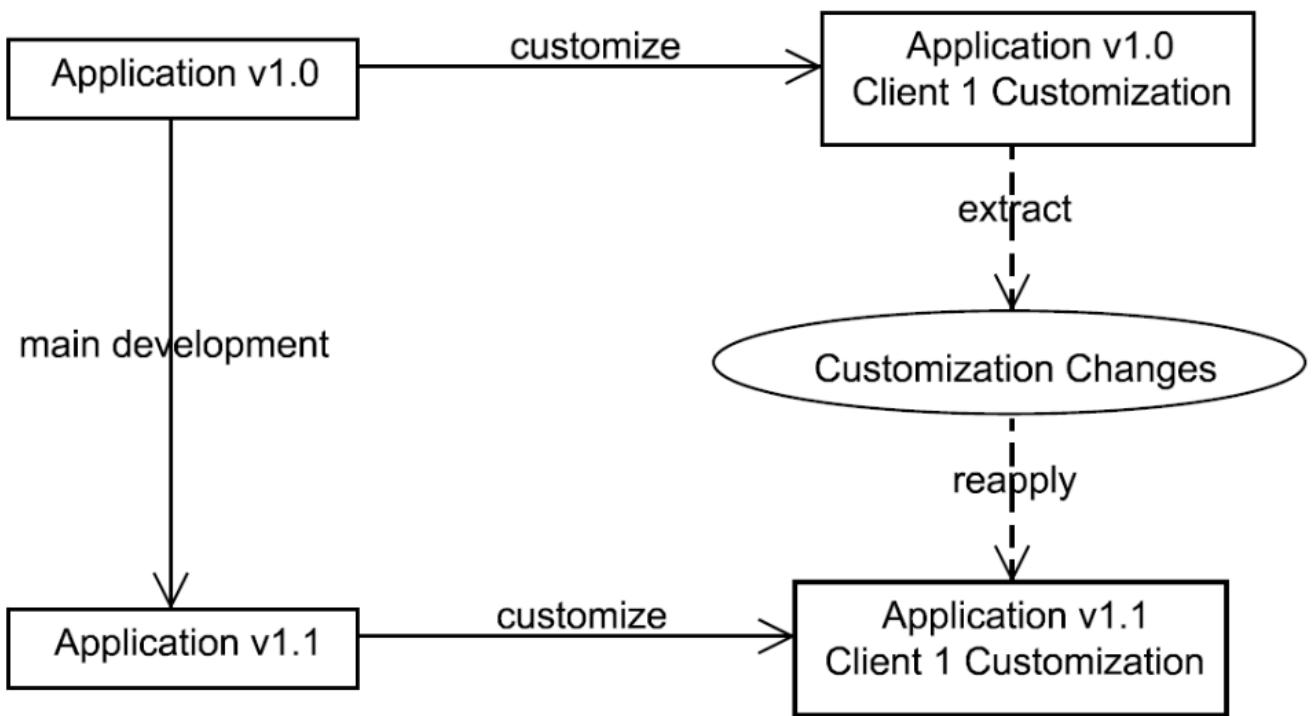
Transformations as changes

> Aspect-oriented change realization

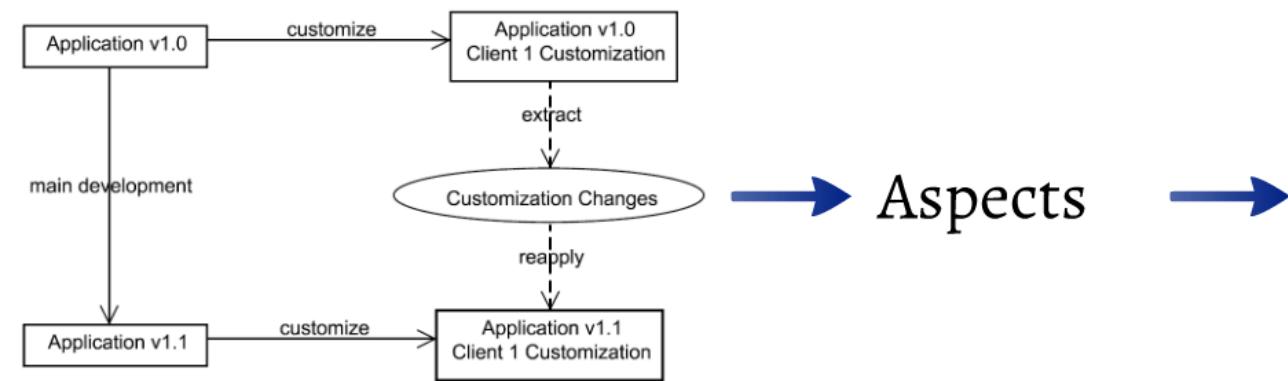
V. Vranić. Aspect-Oriented Change Realization.
Habilitation thesis, Slovak University of Technology in
Bratislava, April 2010. <http://fiit.sk/~vranic/pub/AOCR.pdf>







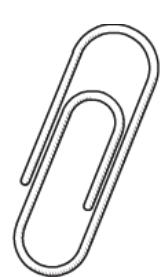
→ **Aspects**



Aspects

Features
Transformations





Summary

- > Feature model driven generation of software artifacts
- > Besides an enhanced feature model, no other models are necessary
- > Transformations are not limited in affecting the software system
- > The concept of metatransformations: modify the common transformations prior to their execution
- > Challenges: comprehensibility and maintainability, non-exclusive application, complex feature models, practical adoption, and changes as transformations



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